For a **RESIDENTIAL, AGRICULTURAL OR OPEN SPACE** zoned property within the Dark Sky Overlay: What must I do?

For EXISTING LIGHTING which does not conform to standards (From November 1, 2019 onwards): **NEW or REPLACED LIGHTING shall:** 

(Refer to General Standards in Section 8109-4.7.4 for specifics)

- 1. Direct the lighting downward (if feasible);
- 2. Turn unnecessary lighting off during dark hours (generally after 10:00 p.m., or when people are no longer present, whichever is later), until sunrise;
- 3. If there is essential lighting (such

- 1. Be fully-shielded and directed downwards;
- **2.** May not exceed 850 lumens (except for security lighting on motion sensors);
- **3.** May not exceed 3,000 Kelvin (except for security cameras);
- **4. Maintain light trespass levels** (i.e. light that can spill over beyond the property line) as identified in the ordinance;
- *as lighting used for security or safety purposes),* it may remain in use until replaced, including during dark hours;
- **4. Exempt lighting may remain on** (this includes seasonal lights, and lights under 60 lumens);
- 5. Existing lighting which is prohibited will have to be turned off (e.g. strobes, blinking lights).
- 5. Turn unnecessary lighting off during dark hours (generally after 10:00 p.m., or when people are no longer present, whichever is later), until sunrise;
- **6. Maintain height allowances** as identified in the ordinance;
- 7. Security lighting with bulb output up to 2,600 lumens is allowed, if on motion sensor (security lighting for agricultural uses need not be on motion sensors).



## For a **COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL** zoned property within the Dark Sky Overlay: What must I do?

For EXISTING LIGHTING which does not conform to standards (From November 1, 2019 until November 1, 2021):

For EXISTING LIGHTING which does not conform to standards (AFTER November 1, 2021):

- 1. Direct the lighting downward (if feasible);
- 2. Turn unnecessary lighting off during dark hours (generally after 10:00 p.m. or close of business, or when people are no longer present, whichever is later), until sunrise;
- A. All existing non-conforming lighting:
  - Must comply with the General Standards in Section 8109-4.7.4. (unless approved with a discretionary permit - see B. below);
  - Property owners may apply for an extension;
- 3. If there is essential lighting (such as lighting used for security or safety purposes), it may remain in use until replaced, including during dark hours;
- 4. Exempt lighting may remain on (this includes seasonal lights, and lights under 60 lumens);
- 5. Existing lighting which is prohibited will have to be turned off (e.g. strobes, blinking lights).

- During the processing of the extension,
  essential lighting (such as lighting used for security or safety purposes) may remain in use until replaced, including during dark hours.
- B. Existing lighting for commercial and industrial uses approved by a discretionary permit shall be:
- Conditioned to comply with Section 8109-4.7.4 within a reasonable time period. This condition will be applied when the permit undergoes a minor or major modification.



## **GENERAL LIGHTING STANDARDS** (Section 8109-4.7.4)

### FOR NEW or REPLACED OUTDOOR LIGHTING

#### 1. USE FULLY-SHIELDED FIXTURES, DIRECTED DOWNWARD:

Lights at building entrances (e.g., porch lights) may be partially shielded.

#### 2. LIGHTING COLOR:

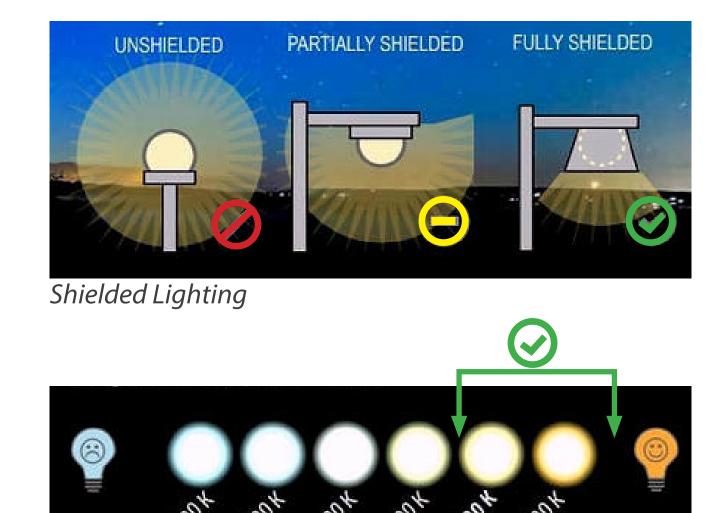
**Maximum 3,000 Kelvin**, except lighting for security cameras, which may be a cooler color temperature (e.g. higher than 3,000 Kelvin).

#### **3. LIGHTING INTENSITY:**

Maximum 850 lumens, except security lighting (2,600 lumens maximum) and outdoor recreational facility lighting.

#### 4. LIGHT TRESPASS LEVELS:

Limits to ensure minimal spillover beyond the property line are included in See Section 8109-4.7.4(i).



Lighting Color

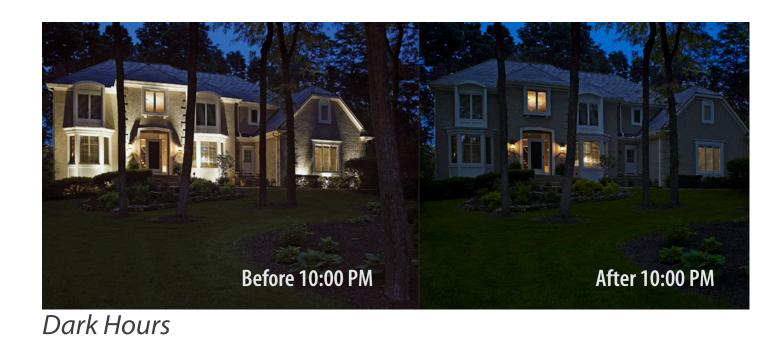


- **5. OUTDOOR RECREATIONAL FACILITY LIGHTING:** (for new public and private tennis courts, basketball courts, equestrian arenas, etc.)
  - Lighting levels not to exceed IESNA recommendations (See Section 8109-4.7.4(g)).
  - See **maximum height allowances** for attached and freestanding lighting.
- **6. DARK HOURS** (time when lights must be turned off, unless exempt):

From 10:00 p.m., or when people are no longer present, or close of business, whichever is latest, until sunrise.

## Exception: Essential Lighting can remain on during Dark Hours.

Light Trespass





# **GENERAL LIGHTING STANDARDS** (Section 8109-4.7.4)

### FOR NEW or REPLACED OUTDOOR LIGHTING

### **7. MAXIMUM HEIGHT ALLOWANCE:** *When Attached to –*

- Structures = 15 feet maximum
- Fences = no higher than height of fence

### Freestanding –

- For walkways, driveways, or hardscaping = 2 feet maximum (except commercial and industrial uses)
- All other freestanding = 20 feet maximum, unless specified by permit.



- Can be maximum 2,600 lumens.
- If security lighting is more than 850 lumens, must be on motion sensors and timer with maximum 10 minute activation time, during dark hours.
- No motion sensors required for fully-shielded security lighting under 850 lumens, or for security lighting for agricultural uses in AE, OS and RA zones.







- Security lighting is deemed essential lighting and is not subject to dark hours.
- Security lighting used with cameras can be more than 3,000 Kelvin, as required by the system.

# 9. NIGHT LIGHTING FOR ENCLOSED TRANSLUCENT OR TRANSPARENT GREENHOUSES:

New lighting in greenhouses shall use fullyor partially-shielded directional lighting, and blackout screens on roofs and walls, from 10:00 p.m. until sunrise.

### **10. GAS STATIONS:**

Canopies shall have recessed lighting, with no additional lighting on columns.



Greenhouses with Unshielded Lighting at Night

